

MOVING FROM PLANS TO DEPLOYMENT: RURAL CONSIDERATIONS

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Rural Characteristics

- + Half rural roads are paved
- + City or county governments are responsible for 95% of unpaved and 55% of paved
- + 95% of rural residents depend on vehicles

Rural Characteristics

- + Less than 10% of rural roads are four lanes
- + The remaining 90% are two lanes or less
- + Most rural lanes are less than 10 feet in width

Rural Characteristics

- + 80% of road miles (3.1 Million out of 3.9 Million)
- + 40% of VMT (.9 1 Trillion out of 2.34 Trillion)

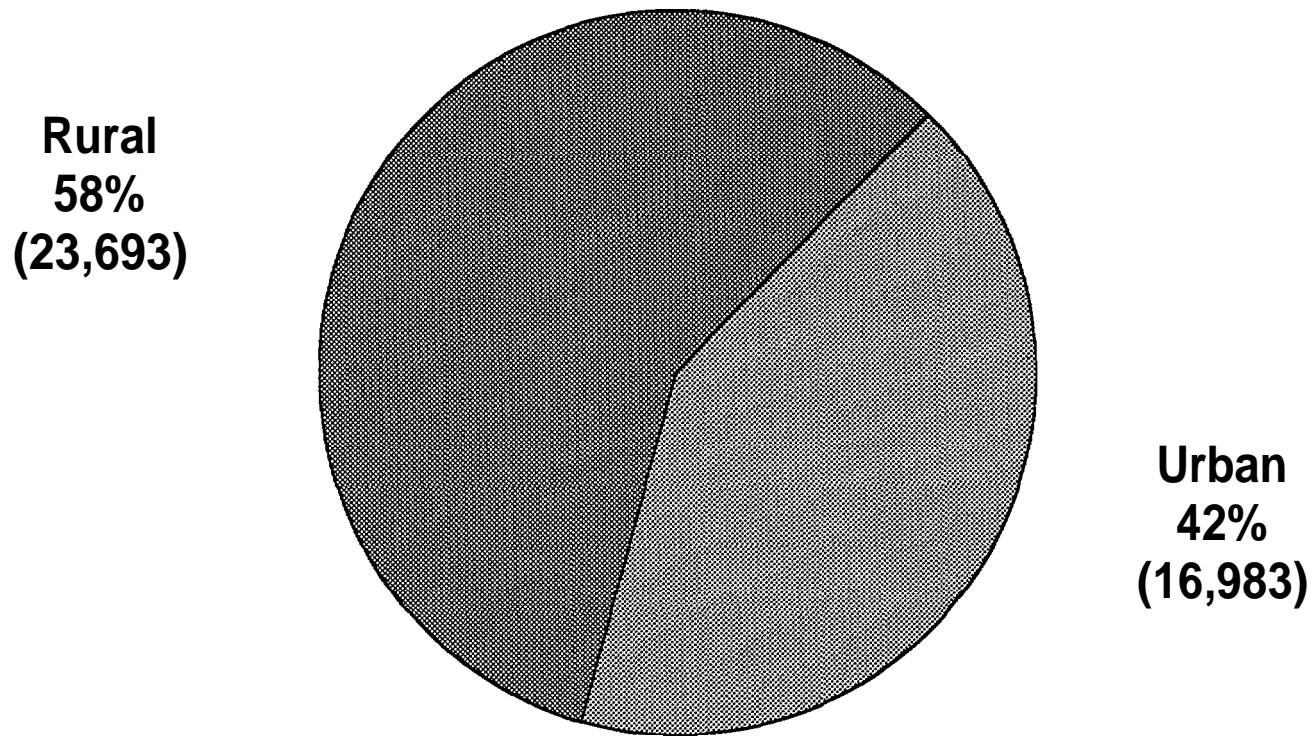
Source: FHWA 's 1994 Highway Statistics

Rural Driving Statistics

- + 78% of rural trips greater than 150 miles are for pleasure
- + The average age of rural drivers is 45.8, urban drivers is 40.5
- + 18% of rural drivers are over 64 years, 8% of urban drivers

Motor Vehicle Fatalities

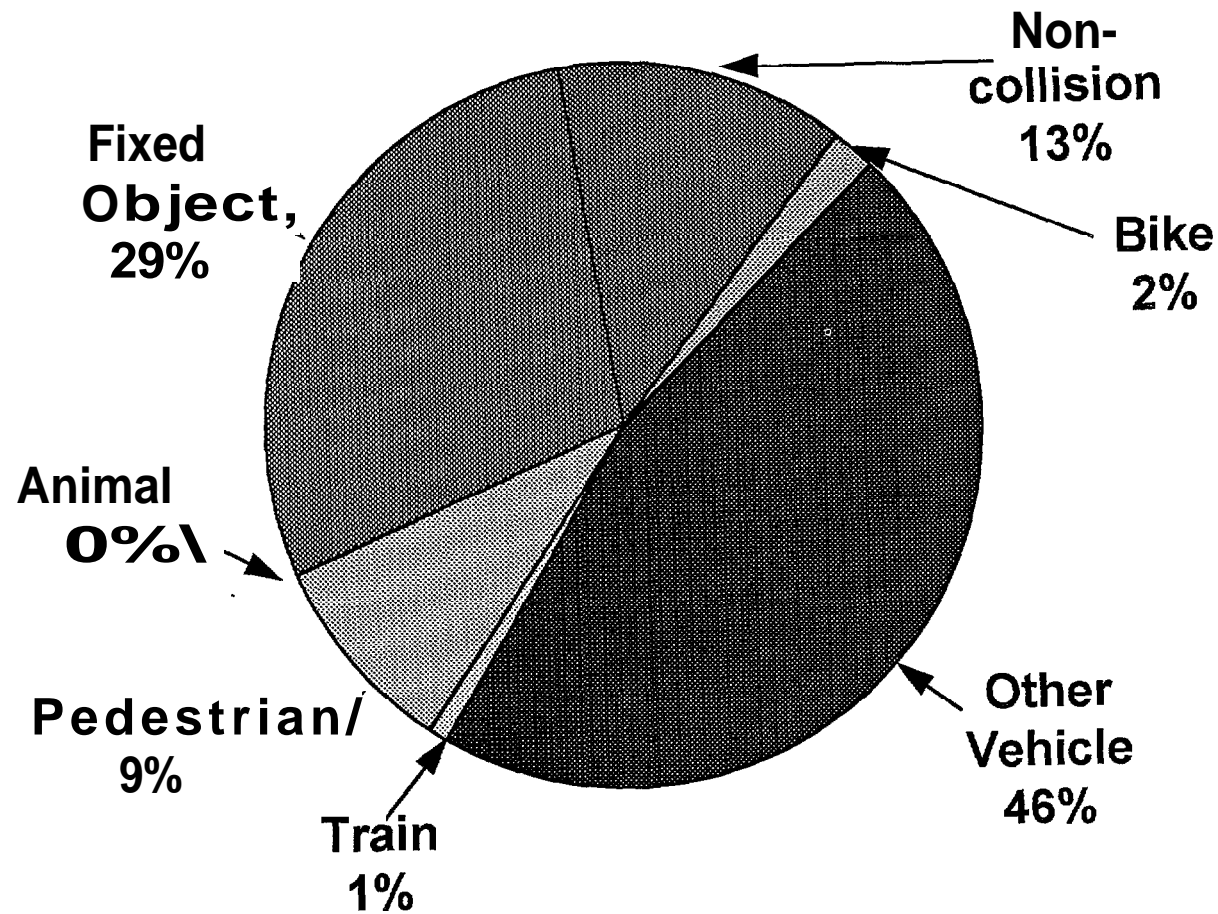
Number of Deaths by Accident Location



Source: FHWA's 1994 Highway Statistics

Motor Vehicle Fatalities

Number of Deaths by Accident Location



Source: Natl...Safety Council, "Accident Facts. " 1994 Edition

Fatality Rate Comparisons

Urban versus rural areas in the United States

+ Fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled:

-Urban areas: 1.17

-Rural areas: 2.61

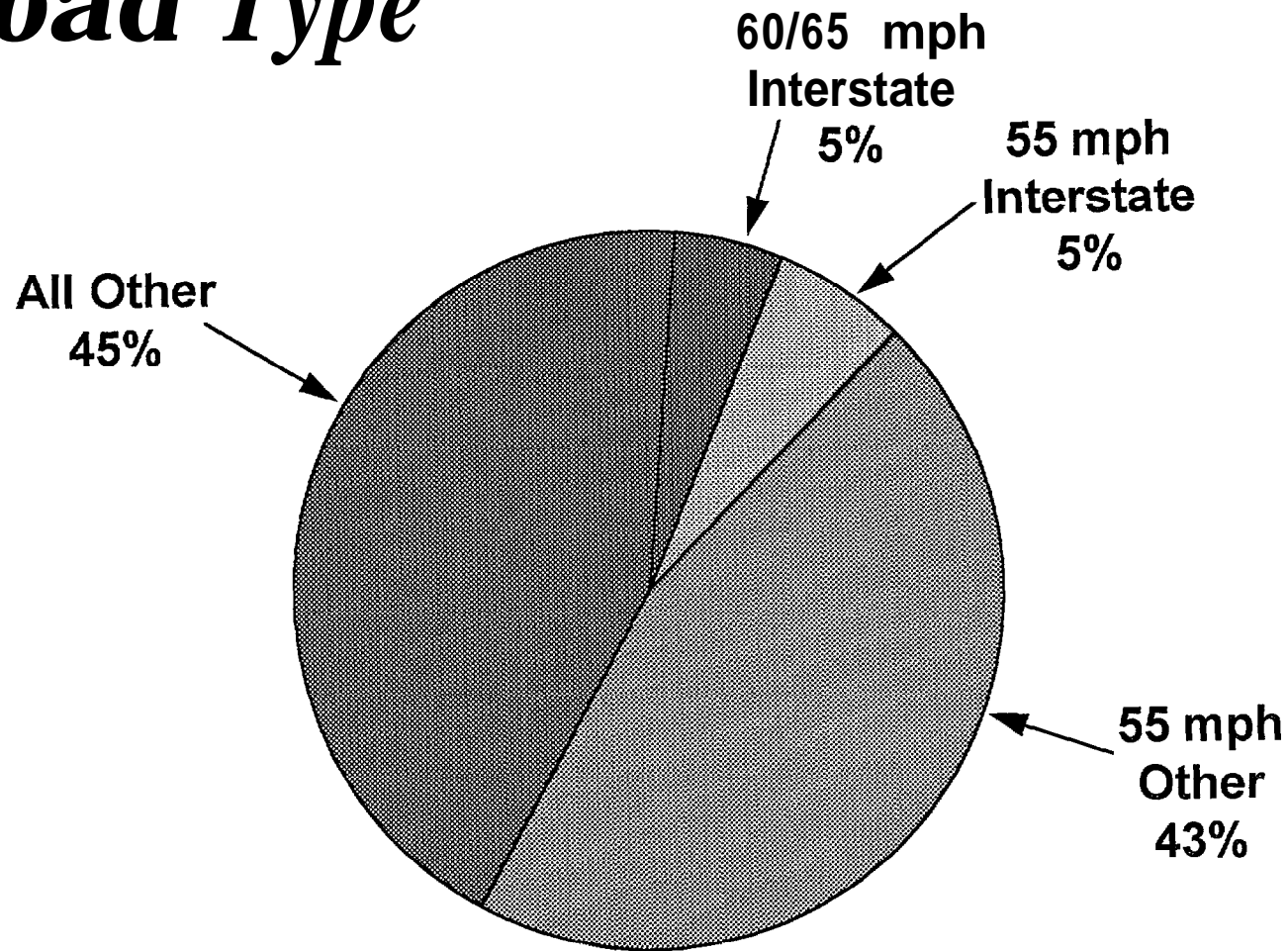
+ Fatal accidents per 100 million vehicle miles traveled:

-Urban areas: 1.08

-Rural areas: 2.26

Source: FHWA's 1994 Highway Statistics

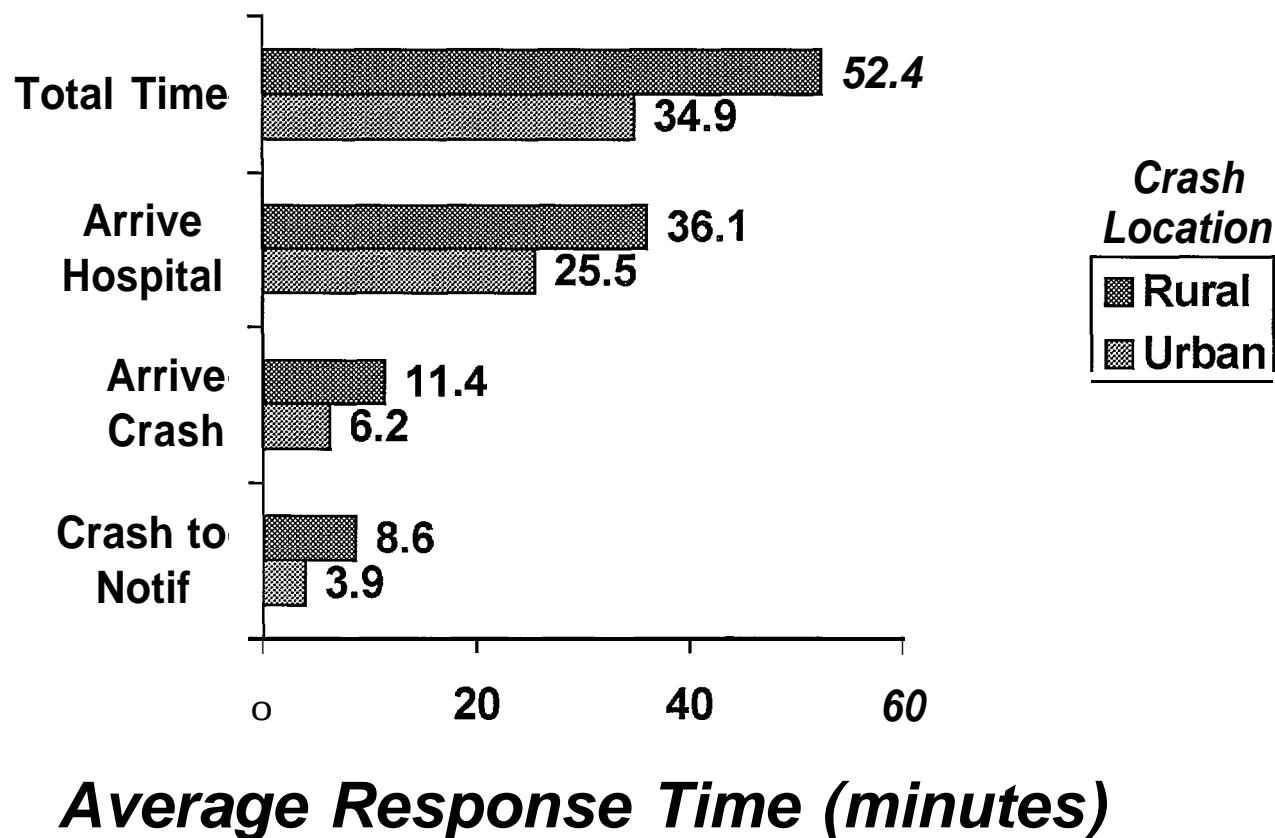
Percent of Fatalities by Road Type



Source: FHWA 's 1994 Highway Statistics

Emergency Response Times

Urban versus rural fatal crashes



Motor vehicle crash dataporn USDOT 1994 FARS and GES datafiles

Promising ITS Technologies

- + 'Mayday' systems - several tests underway, highest priority by rural users
- + Traveler Services Information - lodging, food, entertainment, fuel, maintenance, etc. (major challenge is lack of infrastructure)
- + Weather Monitoring and Traveler Advisories - provide dynamic weather, congestion, incident, and construction information to travelers

Promising ITS Technologies

- + Public Transportation - many rural residents, primarily elderly and physically challenged, depend on public transit
- + Commercial Vehicle Operations - looking at technology aimed at improving safety and efficiency
- + Collision Avoidance Systems - great potential to save lives, reduce disabling injuries & decrease property damage losses

Summary

- + A careful look at the statistics offers insight on rural issues
- + Rural crashes tend to be more severe, emergency response is more important
- + Accident prevention also takes on more importance if we are to save lives
- + ITS technologies can and will play an important role in saving lives and improving quality of life in rural areas

Conclusions

- + ITS is not just Urban
- + Key to Rural implementation is SAFETY & TRAVELER INFORMATION
- + CVO applications are “early winners”
- + ITS can help preserve a way-of-life

Issues in ITS Deployment

- + Uncertainty in public funding
- + Lack of “champion” with ITS knowledge
- + Lack of effective ITS marketing program
- + Limited deployable research products
- + Overselling research
- + Lack of interaction between end-users and researchers

Issues Continued

- + Lack of research on fundamentals, e.g. capacity, driver behavior, etc.
- + Lack of realistic assessment of benefits
- + No clear definitions of ITS and related benefits
- + Lack of guidelines relative to evaluation
- + Lack of efficient methodologies to quantify benefits